Atlanta Audubon Society, Inc. Audit of Financial Statements

December 31, 2019



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Atlanta Audubon Society, Inc..

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Atlanta Audubon Society, Inc.. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2019, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluation of the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Atlanta Audubon Society, Inc.. as of December 31, 2019 and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

J. Lunsford CPA

July 8, 2020

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Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2019

Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Prepaid Expense Investments Computers & Furniture - Net of Accumulated Depreciation of \$2,320 Land		\$	65,465 90,443 32,974 475,163 1,013 83,472
	Total Assets		748,530
Liabilities Accrued Expenses Unearned Revenue	Total Liabilities	\$	10,423 68,901 79,324
Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions With Donor Restrictions	Total Net Assets		251,324 417,882 669,206
	Total Liabilities and Not Assets	¢	740 520
	Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	748,530

Statement of Activity For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Revenues, Gains and Other Support	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Support Contributions	\$ 284,812	\$ -	\$ 284,812
Grants	19,500	104,553	124,053
Total Support	304,312	104,553	408,865
Program Income	87,894	-	87,894
Membership Dues	57,713	-	57,713
Special Events	3,684	-	3,684
Investment Return	9,193	-	9,193
Realized / Unrealized Loss	72,011	-	72,011
Merchandise Sales	3,445	-	3,445
Other Revenues and Gains	233,940	-	233,940
Support Provided by Expiring Time and Purpose Restrictions	167,491	(167,491)	-
Total Revenues, Gains and Other Support	705,743	(62,938)	642,805
Expenses			
Program Services	598,965	-	598,965
Total Program Services	598,965	-	598,965
Management and General	64,603	<u>-</u>	64,603
Fundraising	66,949	-	66,949
Total Expenses	730,517	-	730,517
Change in Net Assets	(24,774)	(62,938)	(87,712)

Statement of Functional Expense For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Program Services	Management & General	Fundraising	Total
Salaries, Benefits and Contract Services				
Salaries and Benefits	344,690	43,367	48,532	436,589
Contract Services	112,299	1,690	2,500	116,489
Operating Expenses				
Advertising and Promotion	1,244	117	2,441	3,802
Office Expense	4,082	1,691	78	5,851
Information Technology	5,692	2,403	867	8,962
Supplies - Other	33,425	-	3,731	37,156
Telephone and Telecommunications	1,575	526	-	2,101
Postage and Shipping	3,604	868	1,374	5,846
Mailing Services	15	-	55	70
Printing and Copying	17,366	144	5,101	22,611
Facility and Equipment Expenses				-
Rent, Parking, Other Occupancy	17,560	5,225	-	22,785
Utilities	3,191	1,063	-	4,254
Repair and Maintenance	375	125	-	500
Depreciation Expense	444	-	-	444
Travel and Meeting Expenses				-
Travel Costs	32,162	(71)	6	32,097
Travel Meals	3,811	-	-	3,811
Conferences, Conventions, Meetings	1,816	12	-	1,828
Meals and Entertainment	5,021	730	-	5,751
Other Expenses				-
Bank Service Charges	5,861	3,291	1,864	11,016
Insurance	2,669	2,668	-	5,337
Membership Dues & Registration	1,107	354	-	1,461
Staff Development	574	400	400	1,374
Other Expense	382	<u>-</u>	-	382
	\$ 598,965	\$ 64,603	\$ 66,949	\$ 730,517

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Operating Activities:	
Cash Inflows for Operations:	
Support	\$ 462,331
Program Income	87,894
Membership Dues	57,713
Special Events	3,684
Investment Return	9,193
Merchandise Sales	27,742
Cash Outflows for Operations:	
Payments for Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes	(436,589)
Payments to Vendors	(364,173)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	(152,205)
Investing Activities:	
Realized Gain on Sale of Securities	16,062
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	16,062
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(136,143)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	 201,608
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 65,465

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

Note 1: Description of Organization

The mission of the Atlanta Audubon Society, Inc., (AAS), is to protect Georgia's birds and the habitats that sustain them through education, conservation and advocacy. AAS began in 1926 as the Atlanta Bird Club and became a branch/chapter of the National Audubon Society in 1968 and then in 1972 changed it's name to Atlanta Audubon Society, Inc.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The organization prepares its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) for not-for-profit entities. The significant accounting and reporting policies used by the organization are described subsequently to enhance the usefulness and understandability of the financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. On an ongoing basis, the organization's management evaluates the estimates and assumptions based upon historical experience and various other factors and circumstances. The organization's management believes that the estimates and assumptions are reasonable in the circumstances; however, the actual results could differ from those estimates.

Net Assets

The financial statements report net assets and changes in net assets in two classes that are based upon the existence or absence of restrictions on use, that are placed by its donors, as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

Net assets without donor restrictions are resources available to support operations. The only limits on the use of these assets are the broad limits resulting for the nature of the organization, the environment in which it operates, the purposes specified in its corporate documents and its application for tax-exempt status, and any limits resulting from contractual agreements with creditors and others that are entered into in the course of its operations.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions are resources that are restricted by a donor for use for a particular purpose or in a particular future period. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, and the restriction will expire when the resources are used in accordance with the donor's instructions or when the stipulated time has passed. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature; the organization must continue to use the resources in accordance with the donor's instructions.

The organization's unspent contributions are included in this class if the donor limited their use.

When a donor's restriction is satisfied, either by using the resources in the manner specified by the donor or by the passage of time, the expiration of the restriction is reported in the financial statements by reclassifying the net assets from net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

Classification of Transactions

All revenues and net gains are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions in the statement of activities unless the donor specified the use of related resources for a particular purpose or in a future period. All expenses and net losses are reported as decreases in net assets without donor restrictions.

Donated Services

AAS has numerous unpaid volunteers. The value of the services provided by these volunteers has not been determined or recognized in these financial statements since the criteria for recognition under ASC No. 958 have not been met.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash and have a maturity of ninety days or less when purchased. At times, cash and cash equivalents may exceed federally insured amounts. AAS believes that it mitigates risks by depositing cash and investing in cash equivalents with major financial institutions.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated over the estimated useful lives of three to five years using the straight-line method. Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2019 totaled \$444.

Revenue Recognition and Expenses

Contributions are recorded in the year they are received or pledged. Program services include expenses incurred in line with the purpose of AAS.

Income Taxes

AAS is a not-for-profit organization that is exempt from income taxes under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code). AAS had no significant unrelated business taxable income during 2018. Accordingly, no provision or benefit for income taxes has been recorded in the accompanying consolidated financial statements

AAS applies the provisions of accounting standards for income taxes. These standards require that a tax position be recognized or derecognized based on a 'more-likely-than-not' threshold. This applies to positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. AAS does not believe its financial statements include any material uncertain tax positions. AAS is no longer subject to Federal or State income tax examination by tax authorities for years prior to 2016.

Investments

Investments are comprised of Equity and Income Mutual Funds with a readily determinable market value and are carried at Fair Market Value in the statement of financial position. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the statement of activities.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

Note 3: Operating Lease Obligation

AAS leases office space under a sublease agreement commencing on January 1, 2016 and ending on December 31, 2020. Future annual rent expense under the lease is \$21,000 for calendar year 2020.

Note 4: Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of December 31, 2019 are:

Amount available for general expenditures within one year	\$ 246,163
Less financial assets held to meet donor-imposed restrictions	(417,882)
Total financial assets	664,045
Investments	475,163
Prepaid expense	32,974
Accounts receivable	90,443
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 65,465
Financial assets:	

Note 5: Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

Net assets with donor restrictions

Purpose/Donor	Amount		
Morgens West	\$	27,000	
Habitat Restoration Fund		36,123	
Cherokee Garden Club		1,516	
GOS Terrell Conservation Grant		1,207	
NAS Audubon in Action Grant		8,950	
Lamb Foundation		51,739	
Disney Conservation Grant		29,816	
American Bird Expo Conservation Grant		2,400	
North Face Explore Fund		12,628	
Wells Fargo Grant		5,000	
Patagonia 2019 & 2020		10,775	
Scholarship Fund		147,256	
Land		83,472	
	\$	417,882	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

Note 6: Commitments and Contingencies

Certain grants and contracts often require the fulfillment of certain conditions as set forth in the instrument or agreement. Failure to fulfill the conditions could result in the return of funds to the grantors. Although the return of funds is a possibility, management of AAS deems the contingency to be unlikely. The grants and contracts are subject to audit by the grantor. They have the authority to determine liabilities or limits or suspend participation in the various sponsored programs.

Note 7: Subsequent Events

AAS has evaluated subsequent events through July 8, 2020 which is the date the financial statements were prepared. No subsequent events were identified that required adjustment to or disclosure within the financial statements.

Note 8: Fair Value Measurements

AAS reports its fair value measures using a three-level hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. This hierarchy, established by GAAP, requires that entities maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The three levels of inputs used are

Level 1 - Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets to which the organization has access at the measurement date.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted market prices included in level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly, or indirectly.

Level 2 inputs include:

- quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets
- quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active
- observable inputs other than quoted prices for the asset or liability (for example, interest rates and yield curves); and
- inputs derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data by correlation or by other means

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. These should be used to measure the fair value to the extent that observable inputs are unavailable.

When available, AAS measures fair value using Level 1 inputs because they generally provide the most reliable evidence of fair value. However, level 1 inputs are not available for all of the assets and liabilities that AAS may be required to measure fair value (for example, in-kind contributions). The primary use of fair value measures in these financial statements are in the determination of Fair Market Value of Investments.

Note 9: Investment Summary

Investments at December 31, 2019 are summarized as follows:

	Cost		Fair Value		Unrealized Gain	
Cash	\$	10,836	\$ 10,836	\$	-	
Exchange Traded Funds		389,093	464,319		(75,226)	
		399,929	475,155		(75,226)	

End of Footnotes